

PRESERVATIVE FREE HYPERTONIC SOLUTION FOR THE REDUCTION OF **CORNEAL OEDEMA**

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

COMPOSITION:

Sodium Chloride 5%, Sodium Hyaluronate 0,3%, P-Plus™, Potassium Chloride, Calcium Chloride Dihvdrate, Magnesium Chloride Hexahydrate and purified Water.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION:

Corneal oedema refers to the swelling of the cornea following ocular surgery, trauma, infection, and inflammation. It can also be a consequence of various ocular diseases or following over-wear of certain types of contact lenses.

INDICATIONS:

NAVI®NaCl 5% PF is a hypertonic ophthalmic solution designed to reduce symptoms of corneal oedema. The solution contains a high concentration of Sodium Chloride, which creates a hypertonic tear film that draws excess fluid out of the cornea by osmotic effect, therefore providing temporary alleviation from the symptoms of oedema





NOVAX®PHARMA Le Coronado 20, Avenue de Fontvieille MC 98000 - Monaco CE Tél.: +377 97983211 0051 www.novaxpharma.com



BIBI IOGRAPHY

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[2] Ocular preservatives: associated risks and newer options Indu Pal Kaur, Shruti Lal, Cheena Rana, Shilpa Kakkar & Harinder Singh

[3] Corneal oedema and its medical treatment Ciro Costagliola, Vito Romano, Eliana Forbice, Martina Angi, Arduino Pascotto, Tiziana Boccia, Francesco Semeraro

[4] ophthalmic squeeze dispenser_osd_oct_2017 Degenhard Marx, PhD, and Matthias Birkhoff

NAVI®NCC 5% PF





- Provides temporary alleviation of symptoms of oedema
- Improves eye lubrication
- Sustains normal corneal thickness
- **Preservative free**

NAVI®NaCI PF

CORNEAL OEDEMA⁽²⁾⁽³⁾

To perform its primary function of light refraction, the cornea must be relatively thin & dehydrated, with a smooth anterior surface.

In a normal cornea, optical transparency is directly related to the state of hydration of the tissue: If the cornea swells, it increases in thickness and its surface becomes irregular, impairing its optic properties.

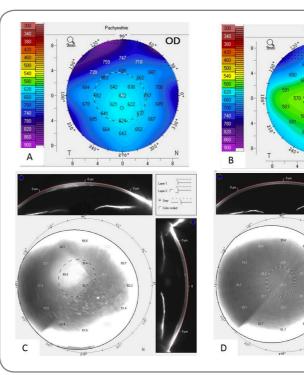
Corneal oedema refers to the retention of excess fluid within one or multiple layers of the cornea. The over-hydration of the cornea can have different etiologies including mechanical, dystrophic, inflammatory and toxic causes.

Therefore the use of a hypertonic solution such as sodium chloride 5%:

- Reduces the oedema by drawing water out of the cornea,
- Improves vision and alleviates symptoms of discomfort.

EVALUATION OF THE EFFECTIVENESS OF **5% SODIUM CHLORIDE TREATMENT**

CLINICAL RESULTS AFTER SODIUM TREATMENT IN POST-OPERATIVE CORNEAL OEDEMA



Example of pachymetric and densitometric maps in a patient treated by 5% hyperosmolar sodium chloride. A decrease in pachymetry and densitometry is observed from D1 to D7.

Reference to Bibliography[1] Clinical Results After Sodium Treatment in Post-operative Corneal Oedema Gaelle Ho Wang Yin & Natanael Levy. The Journal of Eye Diseases and Disorders 2018 3:1. The present article does not refer to Novax Pharma product

P-PLUS™

- P-PLUS[™] has filmogenous, bioadhesive and lubricant properties.
- P-PLUS[™] enhances the effectiveness of sodium hyaluronate.
- P-PLUS[™] improves tear break-up time (TBUT)

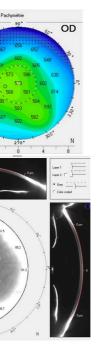
- Improving eye lubrication
- Reducing corneal thickness

OSD TECHNOLOGY Ophthalmic Squeeze Dispenser⁽⁴⁾

The OSD (Ophthalmic Squeeze Dispenser) technology allows the innovative delivery of a sterile preservative-free ophthalmic solution.



- Manufactured by APTAR
- Multidose Preservative-Free System
- Sterility is guaranteed by the innovative drop dispenser
- Patient friendly device
- Convenient and intuitive to use



STUDY DESIGN

- Randomized study.
- 95 participants with post-operative corneal oedema.
- Treatment options:
- a. Classical post-operative treatment = antibiotics, corticosteroids and artificial tears.
- **b.** 5% sodium chloride + 0.15% sodium hyaluronate eye drops.
- <u>2 groups</u>:

Group 1: 45 patients treated with a + b. Group 2: 50 patients treated with a only.

RESULTS OF THE STUDY

The mean pachymetry was significantly reduced at day (D) 7 in group 1 (decrease of 17%, p=0.04), contrary to group 2 (p=0.96).

CONCLUSION

5% sodium chloride hypertonic eye drops treatment significantly reduces post operative corneal oedema as shown by the downward trend in pachymetry.

HA 0,30%

- Sodium Hyaluronate is a highly hydrophilic physiological polymer.
- Sodium Hyaluronate has biophysical properties similar to those of natural tears.
- Sodium Hyaluronate has an optimal molecular weight.

CONCLUSION

A SOLUTION WITH 5% NaCl CAN IMPROVE SYMPTOMS OF CORNEAL OEDEMA BY: